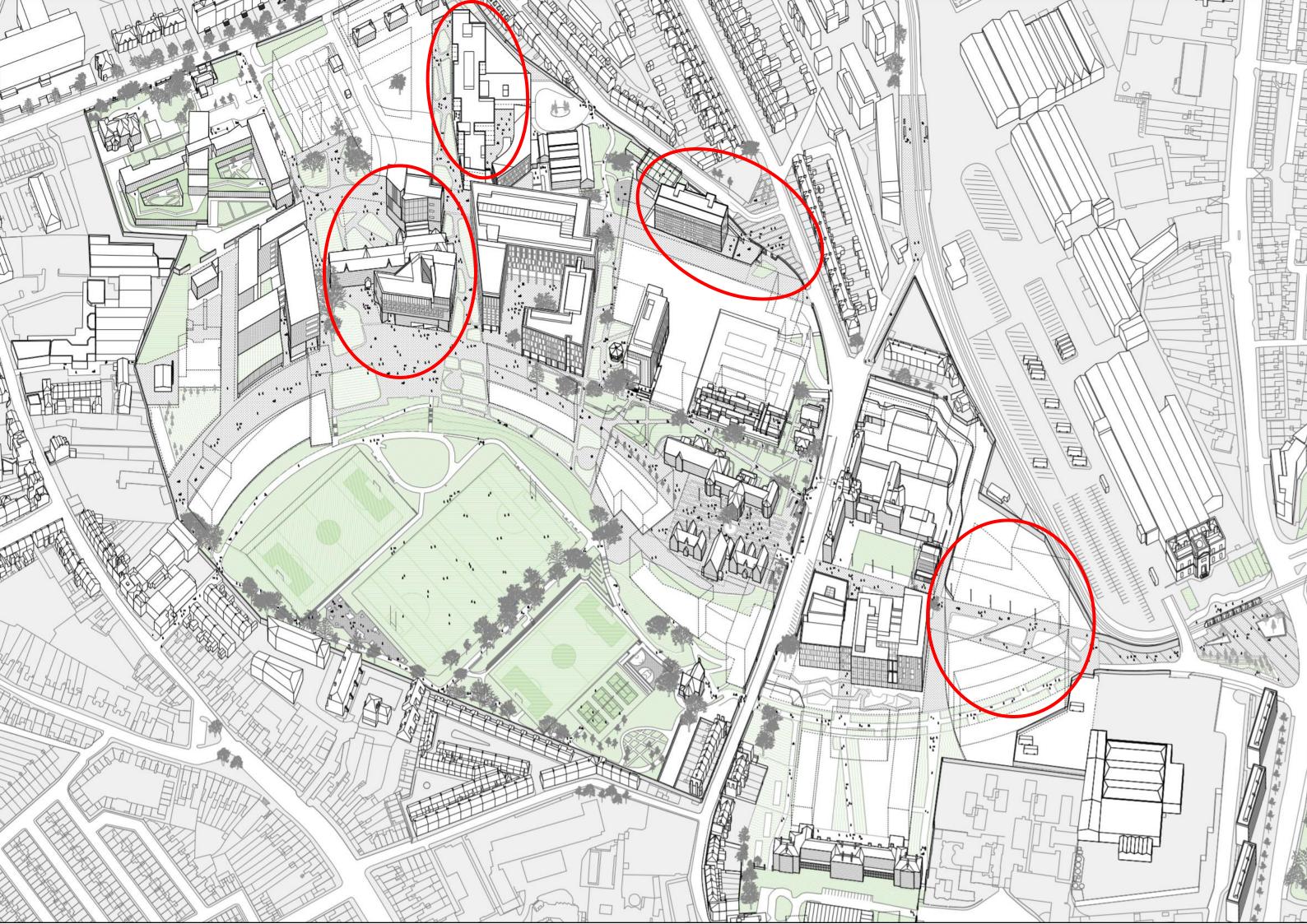


# Consultative Group Meeting

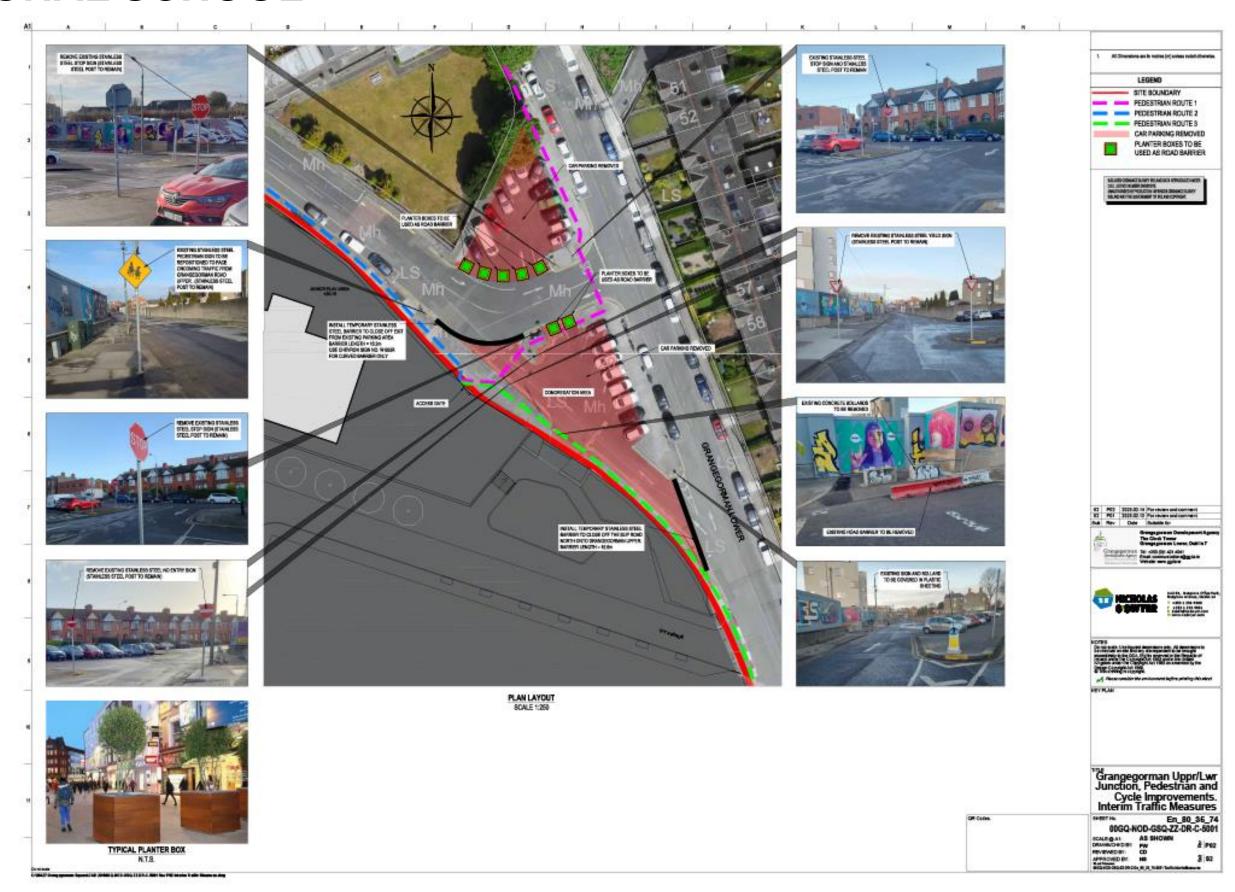
16<sup>th</sup> March 2023



## Aerial of the city



# D7 EDUCATE TOGETHER NATIONAL SCHOOL



### **ACADEMIC HUB & LIBRARY**

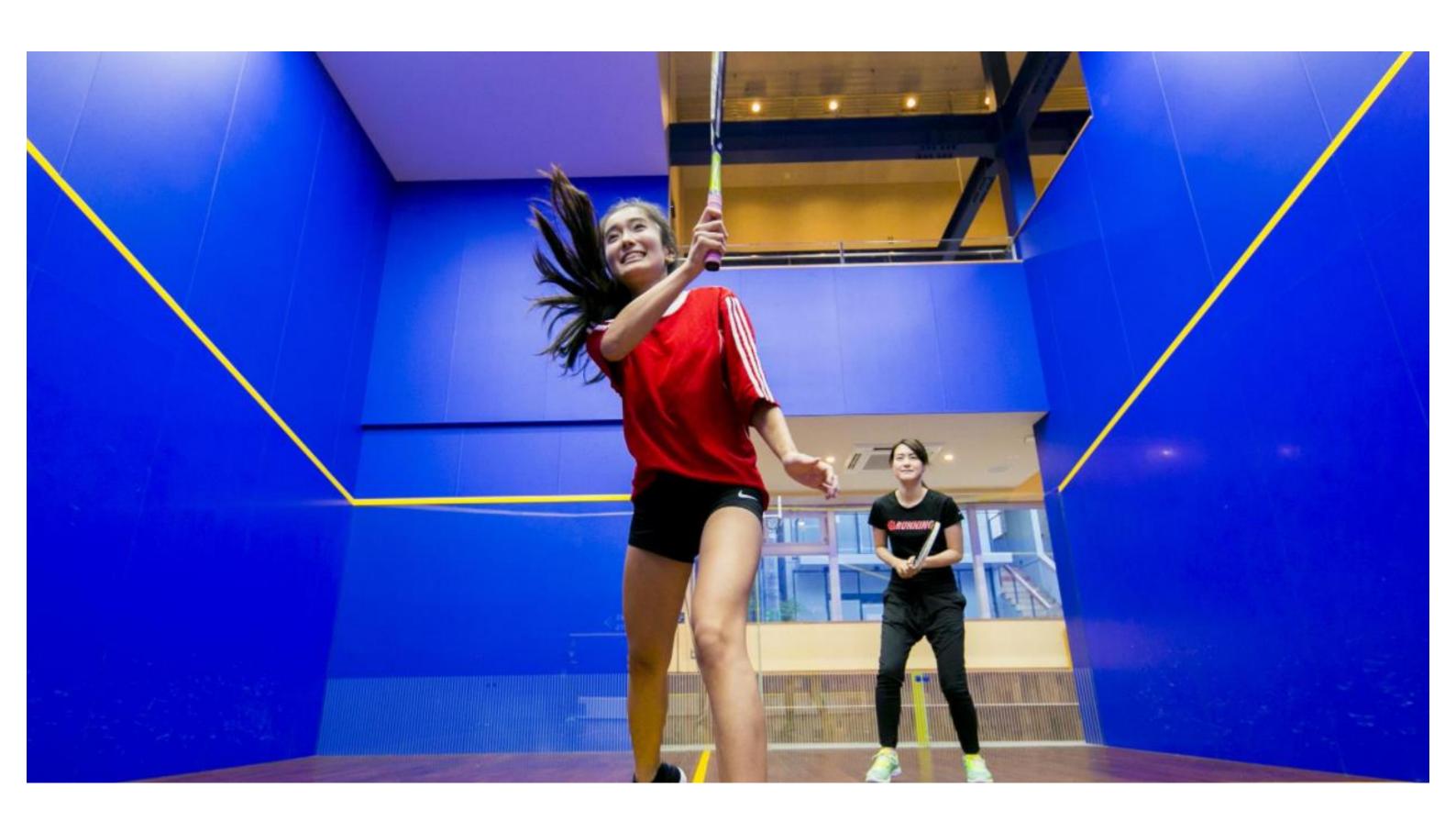




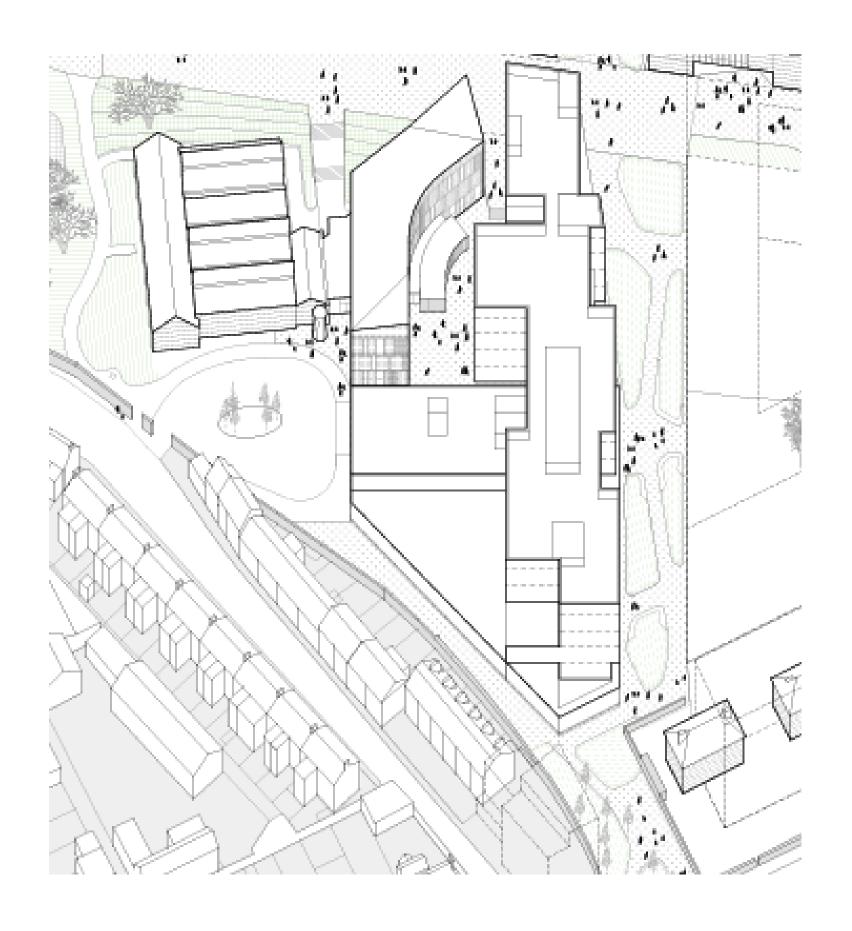


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### **TU DUBLIN PHASE 1 INDOOR SPORTS**



### **HSE RESIDENTIAL CARE NEIGHBOURHOOD**

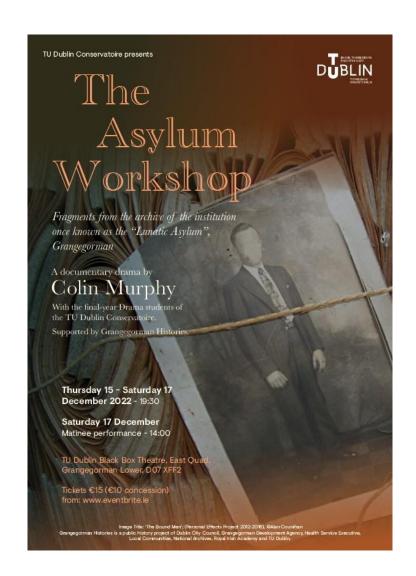


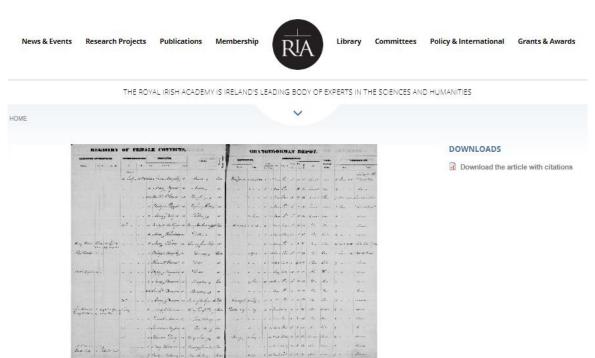
### **AREA D**





### **GRANGEGORMAN HISTORIES**





'From vice to virtue, from idleness to industry,

Joan Kavanagh, author and historian, has documented the experiences of women and girls transported from Ireland to the Australian colonies during the 19th Century. Here, Joan discovers the history of the Clock Tower Building, originally constructed as a penitentiary and later the Grangegorman Transportation Depot.

The Grangegorman neighbourhood has had a long and complex history as an institutional quarter, since the early nineteenth century. The Clock Tower building was constructed as a penitentiary, and the history of the building as a place of incarceration can be traced across more than seventy years, from 1823 to 1897, through the annual reports of the inspectors general of prisons in Ireland. It was utilised first as a fever hospital, however; then as a prison for male and female offenders, a female-only penitentiary, a female convict depot; as a cholera hospital;

from profaneness to practical religion' -

Grangegorman penitentiary

and finally as an asylum

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THE ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY IS IRELAND'S LEADING BODY OF EXPERTS IN THE SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES

### DOWNLOADS

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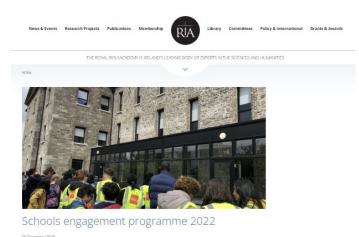
### Sport and the Richmond Lunatic Asylum

February 2023

Paul Rouse is a professor in the School of History at University College Dublin. He has written extensively on the history of Irish sport and the global history of sport. In this essay, Paul uncovers the origin and impact of sporting activities at the mental health facilities in Grangegorman.

The history of sport in the Richmond Lunatic Asylum, and its successor the Grangegorman Mental Hospital, in the north inner-city of Dublin, was multi-layered. In the decades immediately after the asylum opened in 1814 sport was not part of the treatment of patients, but, as the nineteenth century progressed, this changed [1] This essay will examine the nature and extent of that change. It will explore, also, how sport was used in an attempt to present a very particular image of the asylum to the wider world: the Richmond Lunatic Asylum as progressive and compassionate, as an institution where patients were cared for and where they were rehabilitated, or at least treated with dignity.

The essay will also assess the manner in which the asylum developed sporting teams that competed in all manner of local and national competitions. These teams were chosen from among the patients and from the growing numbers of people who worked in the institution; indeed—as was the case with such institutions across the United Kingdom—the sporting opportunities available were one of the attractions of working there [2] Another aspect of this was that the grounds of the Richmond asylum became a place to play. This was something that



20 December 202

In the spring of 2022, Grangagorman Histories engaged with the Dublin 7 Educate Together National School and St. Man/s Primary School to evalure different historical thamas associated with Grangagorman.

Dublin T Excusto Together Materials School (DTE-TRIS) At DETRIS, Earner Distance year as seried of seconstance with the 2021-32 site of assesociating the military below sets Earner's assession includes visit to the Grosspeakem Military Camelary is assessment as paging from their area who participated in the less Whorld Wars of the Investigat Century. The juils then withed with Addist Advisoring Geographic to exprove how they regist recreated some of the lives and stories that they had learned using collage. This presentation shows a sample of some of these affects.



SI May's Privary School The 2021-22 size close speak as SI May's Privary Sixton venture with Dublin City Countil Habitorian-Residence Cally South II see speak to see that countil the countil the countil the countil the countil the countil Union Workhouse, the Richmond Lundic Agylum and the Richmond Penterdary. The pupils also violed Georgegorman for a special stour of the TI Dublin Lover House (Immery Richmond Lundic Agylum) and the Goodstewn Building (comonly the Richmond Penterdary). This presentation cognities assemed there agreements.

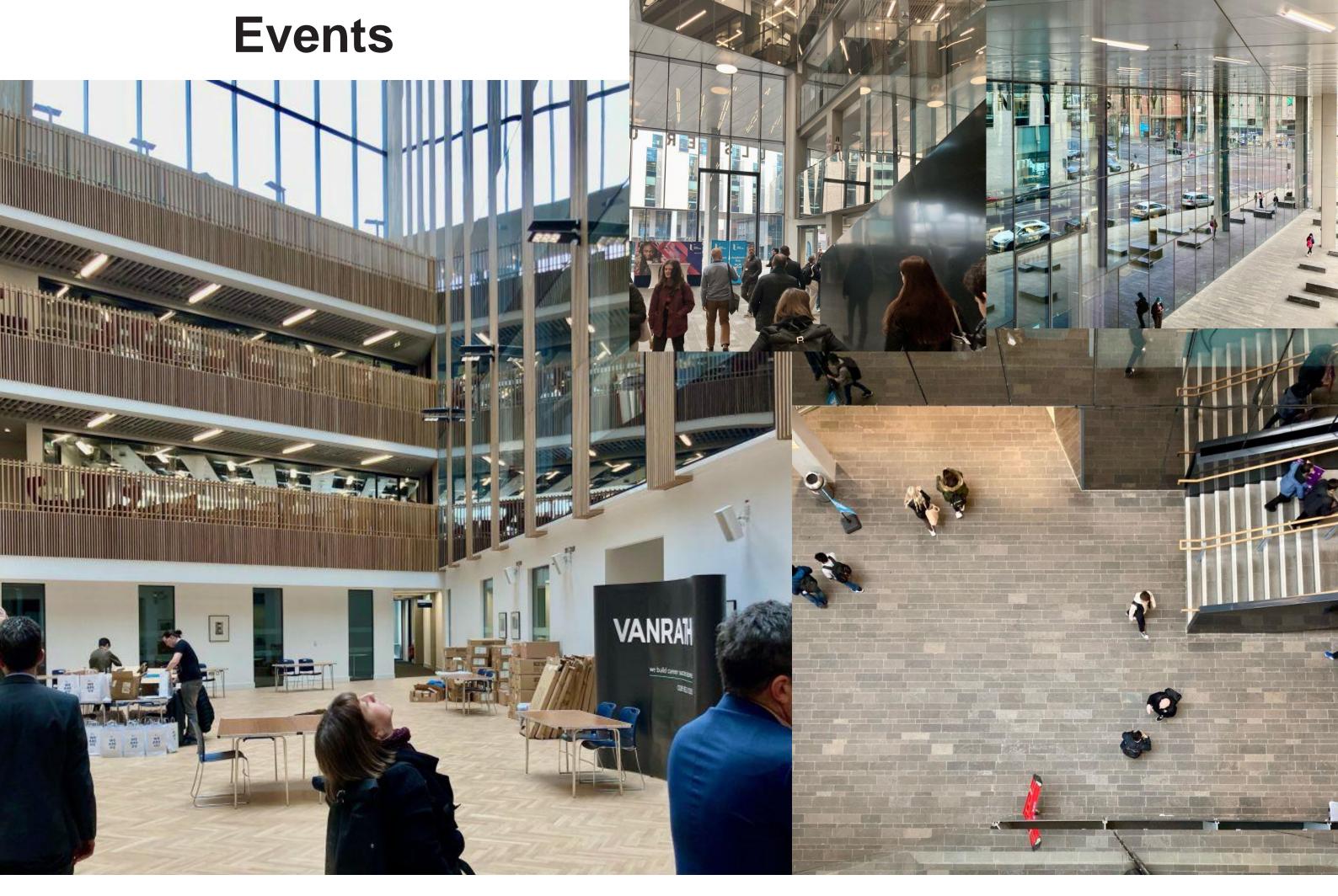
## **Events**











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### **Public Art**





Cliodhna Shaffrey
Chair of the Public Art Working Group (PAWG)

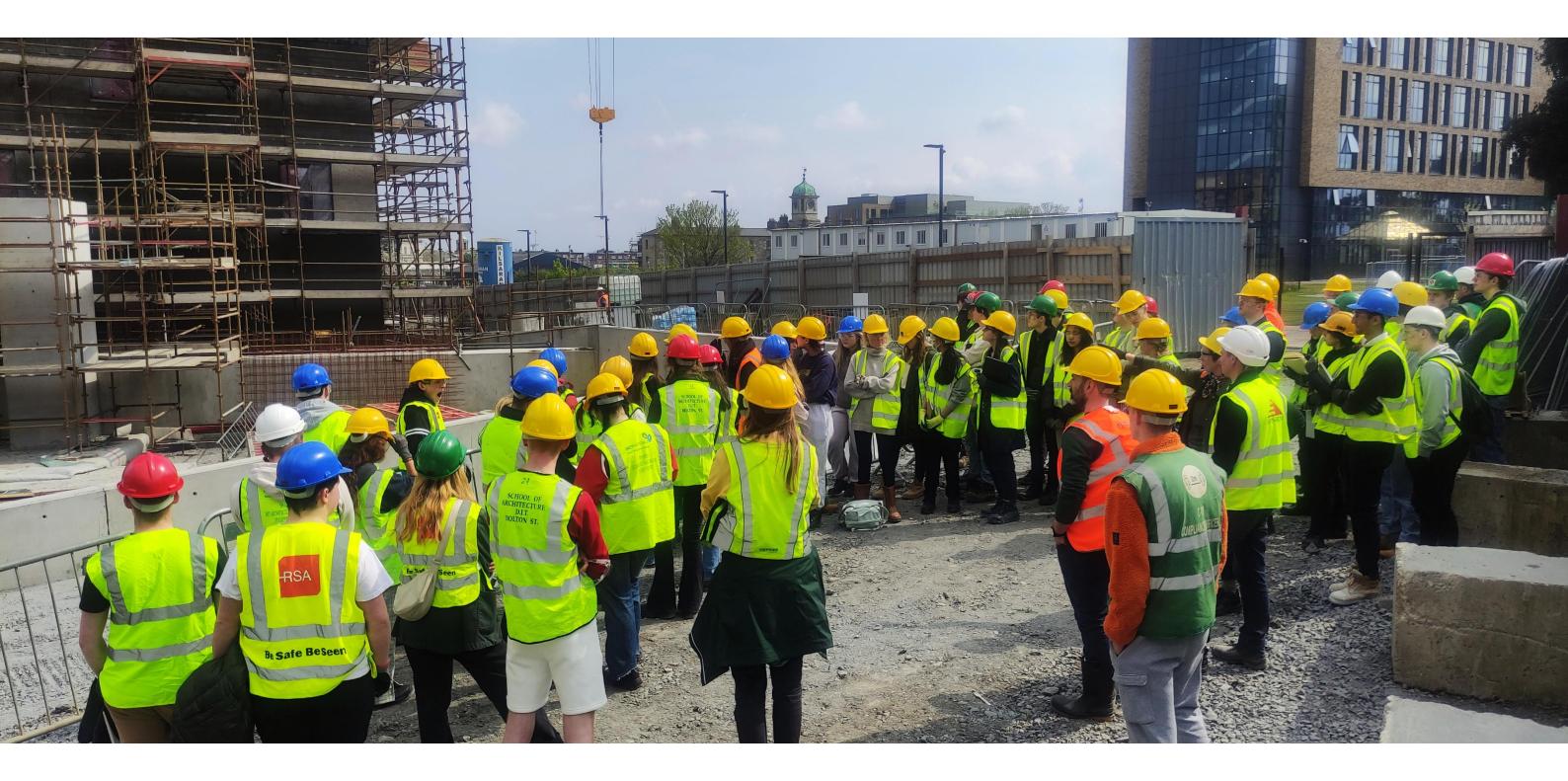
### Public Art - New Chair at the helm

The Agency is delighted to announce Cliodhna Shaffrey as the new Chair of the Public Art Working Group (PAWG). She takes the reins from Ciarán Benson, who has stepped down after serving as Chair since 2013.

Cliodhna is director of Temple Bar Gallery + Studios. Her work spans a diverse range of policy, arts planning and curation, including working as an arts officer with two local authorities in Ireland, and as a visual arts advisor with the Arts Council Ireland. She has worked as an independent curator on exhibitions, festivals, public art commissions, collaborative research projects and writing.

Recently, she was part of the curatorial team (with Michael Hill) for artist, Niamh O Malley's Gather – representing Ireland at the 59th Venice Biennale, 2022.

## **Local Employment**



### **New Staff**



Peter McDonnell Information Manager



Gosia Kudyba Sustainability Coordinator

### **Themes**







# Thank You

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